

TEST REPORT

Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

Annex I

Essential Health and safety requirements relating to the design and construction of machinery

Report Reference No......: GZES230901618301

Date of issue.....: 2023-09-20

Total number of pages.....: 34

Testing Laboratory: SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Branch

Address...... 198 Kezhu Road, Science City, Economic & Technology Development

Area, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

Applicant's name Fujian Xinhong Mech & Elec Co., Ltd.

Address...... Baijin Industrial Zone, Chipu Village, Baizhang Town, Minqing, Fuzhou,

Fujian, China

Test specification

Standard: Machine Directive 2006/42/EC Annex I

Test procedure.....: SGS-CSTC

Non-standard test method ...: N/A

Test Report Form No.: 2006/42/EC Annex I A

Test Report Form(s) SGS-CSTC

Originator:

Master TRF.....: Dated 2012-12

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Test item description: Heat Press Machine

Trade Mark:

Manufacturer..... Same as applicant

Model/Type reference.......: HP3804D-F,HP3805N,HP3805N-2,B1-N,B1-2N,B2-N,B2-2N,HP3806-

1,HP3806-M2,HP3806-A1,HP3806-A2,HP3806-E1,HP3806-E2, HP230A,

HP230B,HP230C,HP380,HP3802,HP3803, HP3804,HP3804C,

HP3804DX, HP3804D-3,HP3805, HP3805B,HP3805B-X,HP3805-2,5IN1, 8IN1,COMBO, HP3806, HP3807, HP3808, HP3809,HP680, HP680-Z, MINI, MATE230, MATE380, MATE450,MATE460,B1,B1-2,B2,B3,B4,B5, D2, MP150-X,MP150-1, MP150-2,MP150*5, MP4,MP160, MP170,MP180, MP190,MP300,MP3105, MP4105,MP5105, CP815B, CP2815,CP2815-2,CP2815-3,CP3815,PT110,HP230C-X,RP100,RP100-2,B5-3T,B5-6T,B5-

15T,RPKT,MRP,HRP,ERP,RPE3,ERP-MINI,TH01, TH02

Ratings.....: See the lable for detail



Testir	ng procedure and testing location:	SOUICES CO.
\boxtimes	Test Laboratory:	多有 <i>国</i> 。
Testii	ng location/ address:	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Branch 198 Kezhu Road, Science City, Economic & Technology Development Area, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China
	Tested by (name + signature):	Aldrich Zeng Sharon Wangham Wang
	Approved by (name + signature).:	Sharon Wangham Wang
	Testing procedure: TMP	
	Tested by (name + signature):	
	Approved by (name + signature).:	
Testii	ng location/ address:	
	Testing procedure: WMT	
	Tested by (name + signature):	
	Witnessed by (name + signature):	
	Approved by (name + signature).:	
Testii	ng location/ address:	
	Testing procedure: SMT	
	Tested by (name + signature):	
	Approved by (name + signature).:	
	Supervised by (name + signature):	
Testii	ng location/ address:	
	Testing procedure: RMT	
	Tested by (name + signature):	
	Approved by (name + signature).:	
	Supervised by (name + signature):	
Testi	ng location/ address:	



Summary of testing:

All tests and assessments are performed on the prototype of the original sampled machine (HP3804D-F) and the technical file which are submitted by the client.

Considering the results of the performed test according to standard Annex I of 2006/42/EC, the items under test are IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in the standard.

Tests performed (name of test and test clause):

Full tests of Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC Annex

Test location:

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Branch

198 Kezhu Road, Science City, Economic & Technology Development Area, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

Copy of marking plate

HEAT PRESS MACHINE ℤ (€ 點				
Model: HP3804D-F	Frequency: 50Hz			
Voltage: 230V	Power: 2400W			
Date: 2023-04				
Factory Name: FUJIAN XINHONG MECH & ELEC CO., LTD. Factory Add: Baijin Industrial Zone, Chipu Village, Baizhang Town, Minqing, Fuzhou, Fujian, China, 350800				
Pay Attention Please: High voltage, don't touch!				
Please don't disassemble the machine before asking the professional technician. if there is a problem, contact us for help! We will do our best to help you, thank you.				

Remark

- 1, The height of CE mark logo shall not be less than 5mm.
- 2, Marking on the packaging or in a document accompanying the electrical equipment is only acceptable if it is not possible to place such markings on the product.
- 3, The CE marking must be affixed in the immediate vicinity of the name of the manufacturer or his authorised representative, using the same technique.

Fail (F)



Possible test case verdicts:

- test case does not apply to the test object: N/A

- test object does not meet the requirement:

- test object does meet the requirement: Pass (P)

Testing:

Date of receipt of test item: 2023-09-06

Date(s) of performances of tests: 2023-09-06 to 2023-09-20

General remarks:

The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.

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"(see Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report.

"(see appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report.

Throughout this report, a point is used as the decimal separator.

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Unless otherwise stated: (a) the results shown in this document refer only to the sample(s) tested and (b) such sample(s) are retained for 3 months. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior approval of the company.

General product information:

Appliance is intended for household and indoor use only. The maximum temperature setting is

180°C. All models are identical except for the model's name.

Model differences: circuit design, PCB layout, electronic component use, heating tube, power and internal wiring are exactly the same as the product function, but the appearance decoration / appearance color / model name is different.



	Directive 2006/42/EC Anne	ex I	
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
1.1.	General remarks		_
1.1.1.	Definitions		_
	For the purpose of this Annex: (a) 'hazard' means a potential source of injury or damage to health;		_
	(b) 'danger zone' means any zone within and/or around machinery in which a person is subject to a risk to		_
	his health or safety;		
	(c) 'exposed person' means any person wholly or partially in a danger zone;		_
	(d) 'operator' means the person or persons installing, operating, adjusting, maintaining, cleaning, repairing or		_
	moving machinery;		
	(e) 'risk' means a combination of the probability and the degree of an injury or damage to health that can arise in a hazardous situation;		_
	(f) 'guard' means a part of the machinery used specifically to provide protection by means of a physical		_
	barrier;		
	(g) 'protective device' means a device (other than a guard) which reduces the risk, either alone or in conjunction with a guard;		_
	(h) 'intended use' means the use of machinery in accordance with the information provided in the instructions for use;		_
	(i) 'reasonably foreseeable misuse' means the use of machinery in a way not intended in the instructions for		_
	use, but which may result from readily predictable human behaviour.		
1.1.2.	Principles of safety integration	T	
	(a) Machinery must be designed and constructed so that it is fitted for its function, and can be operated, adjusted and maintained without putting	Complied	Р



	Directive 2006/42/EC Anne	x I	_
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	persons at risk when these operations are carried out under the conditions foreseen but also taking		
	into account any reasonably foreseeable misuse thereof.		
	The aim of measures taken must be to eliminate any risk throughout the foreseeable lifetime of the machinery including the phases of transport, assembly, dismantling, disabling and scrapping.		
	(b) In selecting the most appropriate methods, the manufacturer or his authorised representative must apply the following principles, in the order given:		_
	eliminate or reduce risks as far as possible (inherently safe machinery design and construction),	Complied	Р
	take the necessary protection measures in relation to risks that cannot be eliminated,	Measure like fixed guard have been taken.	Р
	 inform users of the residual risks due to any shortcomings of the protective measures adopted, indicate whether any particular training is required and specify any need to provide personal protection equipment. 	Adequate warning of residual risks.	P
	(c) When designing and constructing machinery, and when drafting the instructions, the manufacture or his authorised representative must envisage not only the intended use of the machinery but also any reasonably foreseeable misuse thereof.	Both intend use and foreseeable misuse have been taken into consideration.	P
	The machinery must be designed and constructed in such a way as to prevent abnormal use if such use would engender a risk. Where appropriate, the instructions must draw the user's attention to ways —which experience has shown might occur — in which the machinery should not be used.	Design and construction prevent abnormal use.	Р
	(d) Machinery must be designed and constructed to take account of the constraints to which the operator is subject as a result of the necessary or foreseeable use of personal protective equipment.	Not necessary.	N/A
	(e) Machinery must be supplied with all the special equipment and accessories essential to enable it to be Adjusted, maintained and used safely.	No such equipment and accessories.	Р
1.1.3.	Materials and products		_



	Directive 2006/42/EC Annex I		
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	The materials used to construct machinery or products used and created during its use must not endanger persons' safety or health.	No endanger persons' safety or health.	Р
	In particular, where fluids are used, machinery must be designed and constructed to prevent risks due to filling, use, recovery or draining.	Protective measures have been carried out.	N/A
1.1.4.	Lighting	T	_
	Machinery must be supplied with integral lighting suitable for the operations concerned where the absence thereof is likely to cause a risk despite ambient lighting of normal intensity.	Not set such integral lighting considering this equipment function	N/A
	Machinery must be designed and constructed so that there is no area of shadow likely to cause nuisance, that there is no irritating dazzle and that there are no dangerous stroboscopic effects on moving parts due to the lighting.		N/A
	Internal parts requiring frequent inspection and adjustment, and maintenance areas must be provided with appropriate lighting.		N/A
1.1.5.	Design of machinery to facilitate its handling		
	Machinery or each component part thereof must: — be capable of being handled and transported safely, — be packaged or designed so that it can be stored safely and without damage	Packaged for transport	Р
	During the transportation of the machinery and/or its component parts, there must be no possibility of sudden movements or of hazards due to instability as long as the machinery and/or its component parts are handled in accordance with the instructions.	no possibility of sudden movements for wooden package during transportation	Р
	Where the weight, size or shape of machinery or its various component parts prevents them from being moved by hand, the machinery or each component part must:	can be moved by hand	_
	either be fitted with attachments for lifting gear, or		N/A
	be designed so that it can be fitted with such attachments or		N/A



	Directive 2006/42/EC Anne	x I	
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	be shaped in such a way that standard lifting gear can easily be attached.		N/A
	Where machinery or one of its component parts is to be moved by hand, it must:	can be moved by hand	_
	— either be easily movable, or	Complied	Р
	be equipped for picking up and moving in complete safety.		N/A
	Special arrangements must be made for the handling of tools and/or machinery parts which, even if lightweight, could be hazardous.		N/A
1.1.6.	Ergonomics		_
	Under the intended conditions of use, the discomfort, fatigue and physical and psychological stress faced by the operator must be reduced to the minimum possible, taking into account ergonomic principles such as:		_
	 allowing for the variability of the operator's physical dimensions, strength and stamina, 	Allowed	Р
	 providing enough space for movements of the parts of the operator's body, 	Enough spaces are provided	Р
	— avoiding a machine-determined work rate,	Avoided such case	Р
	 avoiding monitoring that requires lengthy concentration, 	Not need	Р
	 adapting the man/machinery interface to the foreseeable characteristics of the operators. 	Controlled by user own software	Р
1.1.7.	Operating positions		_
	The operating position must be designed and constructed in such a way as to avoid any risk due to exhaust gases and/or lack of oxygen.	No such risk.	Р
	If the machinery is intended to be used in a hazardous environment presenting risks to the health and safety of the operator or if the machinery itself gives rise to a hazardous environment, adequate means must be provided to ensure that the operator has good working conditions and is protected against any foreseeable hazards.	Will not use in such hazardous environment	N/A



	Directive 2006/42/EC Anne	ex I	_
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	Where appropriate, the operating position must be fitted with an adequate cabin designed, constructed and/or equipped to fulfil the above requirements. The exit must allow rapid evacuation. Moreover, when applicable, an emergency exit must be provided in a direction which is different from the usual exit.	Not need such cabin	N/A
1.1.8.	Seating	T	
	Where appropriate and where the working conditions so permit, work stations constituting an integral part of the machinery must be designed for the installation of seats.	No seating.	N/A
	If the operator is intended to sit during operation and the operating position is an integral part of the machinery, the seat must be provided with the machinery.	Not integral part.	N/A
	The operator's seat must enable him to maintain a stable position. Furthermore, the seat and its distance from the control devices must be capable of being adapted to the operator.		N/A
	If the machinery is subject to vibrations, the seat must be designed and constructed in such a way as to reduce the vibrations transmitted to the operator to the lowest level that is reasonably possible. The seat mountings must withstand all stresses to which they can be subjected. Where there is no floor beneath the feet of the operator, footrests covered with a slip-resistant material must be provided.		N/A
1.2.	CONTROL SYSTEMS		_
1.2.1.	Safety and reliability of control systems		_
	Control systems must be designed and constructed in such a way as to prevent hazardous situations from arising. Above all, they must be designed and constructed in such a way that:		_
	they can withstand the intended operating stresses and external influences,	Withstand the environment effect.	Р
	 a fault in the hardware or the software of the control system does not lead to hazardous situations, 		Р



	Directive 2006/42/EC Annex I		
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	errors in the control system logic do not lead to hazardous situations,		Р
	reasonably foreseeable human error during operation does not lead to hazardous situations.		Р
	Particular attention must be given to the following points:		_
	— the machinery must not start unexpectedly,	AC contactor/relay and supply disconnecting device are provided to against unexpectedly start up.	P
	 the parameters of the machinery must not change in an uncontrolled way, where such change may lead to hazardous situations, 		N/A
	the machinery must not be prevented from stopping if the stop command has already been given,		N/A
	 no moving part of the machinery or piece held by the machinery must fall or be ejected, 		N/A
	automatic or manual stopping of the moving parts, whatever they may be, must be unimpeded,		N/A
	the protective devices must remain fully effective or give a stop command,		N/A
	 the safety-related parts of the control system must apply in a coherent way to the whole of an assembly of machinery and/or partly completed machinery. 		N/A
	For cable-less control, an automatic stop must be activated when correct control signals are not received, including loss of communication.	No cable-less control.	N/A
1.2.2.	Control devices		
	Control devices must be:		_
	 clearly visible and identifiable, using pictograms where appropriate, 	Complied	Р
	 positioned in such a way as to be safely operated without hesitation or loss of time and without ambiguity, 	Complied	Р



	Directive 2006/42/EC Annex I			
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict	
	designed in such a way that the movement of the control device is consistent with its effect,	Control device is fixed installation	N/A	
	located outside the danger zones, except where necessary for certain control devices such as an emergency stop or a teach pendant,	Outside danger zone.	Р	
	positioned in such a way that their operation cannot cause additional risk,	Positioning fulfil this principle.	Р	
	 designed or protected in such a way that the desired effect, where a hazard is involved, can only be achieved by a deliberate action, 		Р	
	 made in such a way as to withstand foreseeable forces; particular attention must be paid to emergency stop devices liable to be subjected to considerable forces. 	Withstand foreseeable forces.	N/A	
	Where a control device is designed and constructed to perform several different actions, namely where there is no one-to-one correspondence, the action to be performed must be clearly displayed and subject to confirmation, where necessary.	No such case	N/A	
	Control devices must be so arranged that their layout, travel and resistance to operation are compatible with the action to be performed, taking account of ergonomic principles.	Ergonomic principles have been taken into consideration for such action.	Р	
	Machinery must be fitted with indicators as required for safe operation. The operator must be able to read them from the control position.	Can read from control position	Р	
	From each control position, the operator must be able to ensure that no-one is in the danger zones, or the control system must be designed and constructed in such a way that starting is prevented while someone is in the danger zone.	No such case.	N/A	
	If neither of these possibilities is applicable, before the machinery starts, an acoustic and/or visual warning signal must be given. The exposed persons must have time to leave the danger zone or prevent the machinery starting up.	No such case.	N/A	
	If necessary, means must be provided to ensure that the machinery can be controlled only from	Only controlled from control position	Р	



equirement ontrol positions located in one or more edetermined zones or locations.	Remark	
·		Verdict
here there is more than one control position, the ontrol system must be designed in such a way that e use of one of them precludes the use of the hers, except for stop controls and emergency ops.	No such case	N/A
hen machinery has two or more operating ositions, each position must be provided with all e required control devices without the operators indering or putting each other into a hazardous uation.	No such case	N/A
arting		_
must be possible to start machinery only by sluntary actuation of a control device provided for e purpose.	Complied	Р
ne same requirement applies:		_
when restarting the machinery after a stoppage, natever the cause,		Р
when effecting a significant change in the perating conditions.		N/A
owever, the restarting of the machinery or a lange in operating conditions may be effected by cluntary actuation of a device other than the entrol device provided for the purpose, on endition that this does not lead to a hazardous cuation.		P
or machinery functioning in automatic mode, the arting of the machinery, restarting after a oppage, or a change in operating conditions may possible without intervention, provided this does of lead to a hazardous situation.		P
here machinery has several starting control evices and the operators can therefore put each her in danger, additional devices must be fitted to le out such risks. If safety requires that starting ad/or stopping must be performed in a specific equence, there must be devices which ensure that lesse operations are performed in the correct order.	No such case.	N/A
he le	rices and the operators can therefore put each er in danger, additional devices must be fitted to out such risks. If safety requires that starting for stopping must be performed in a specific quence, there must be devices which ensure that	rices and the operators can therefore put each er in danger, additional devices must be fitted to e out such risks. If safety requires that starting for stopping must be performed in a specific quence, there must be devices which ensure that se operations are performed in the correct order.



	Directive 2006/42/EC Anne	ex I	<u> </u>
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdic
1.2.4.1.	Normal stop		
	Machinery must be fitted with a control device whereby the machinery can be brought safely to a complete stop.	Stop control device is provided.	Р
	Each workstation must be fitted with a control device to stop some or all of the functions of the machinery, depending on the existing hazards, so that the machinery is rendered safe.	One workstation	Р
	The machinery's stop control must have priority over the start controls.		Р
	Once the machinery or its hazardous functions have stopped, the energy supply to the actuators concerned must be cut off.		Р
1.2.4.2.	Operational stop		_
	Where, for operational reasons, a stop control that does not cut off the energy supply to the actuators is required, the stop condition must be monitored and maintained.	No operational stop	N/A
1.2.4.3.	Emergency stop		
	Machinery must be fitted with one or more emergency stop devices to enable actual or impending danger to be averted.	Use the button to cut off the power supply	N/A
	The following exceptions apply:		_
	— machinery in which an emergency stop device would not lessen the risk, either because it would not reduce the stopping time or because it would not enable the special measures required to deal with the risk to be taken,	Not such case	N/A
	— portable hand-held and/or hand-guided machinery.	Not such machinery.	N/A
	The device must:		_
	have clearly identifiable, clearly visible and quickly accessible control devices,		Р
	stop the hazardous process as quickly as possible, without creating additional risks,	Complied.	Р
	 where necessary, trigger or permit the triggering of certain safeguard movements. 	No such case.	N/A



	Directive 2006/42/EC Anne	x I	
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	Once active operation of the emergency stop device has ceased following a stop command, that command must be sustained by engagement of the emergency stop device until that engagement is specifically overridden; it must not be possible to engage the device without triggering a stop command; it must be possible to disengage the device only by an appropriate operation, and disengaging the device must not restart the machinery but only permit restarting.		N/A
	The emergency stop function must be available and operational at all times, regardless of the operating mode.		N/A
	Emergency stop devices must be a back-up to other safeguarding measures and not a substitute for them.		N/A
1.2.4.4.	Assembly of machinery		_
	In the case of machinery or parts of machinery designed to work together, the machinery must be designed and constructed in such a way that the stop controls, including the emergency stop devices, can stop not only the machinery itself but also all related equipment, if its continued operation may be dangerous.		N/A
1.2.5.	Selection of control or operating modes	,	_
	The control or operating mode selected must override all other control or operating modes, with the exception of the emergency stop.	Only one operating mode	N/A
	If machinery has been designed and constructed to allow its use in several control or operating modes requiring different protective measures and/or work procedures, it must be fitted with a mode selector which can be locked in each position. Each position of the selector must be clearly identifiable and must correspond to a single operating or control mode.		N/A
	The selector may be replaced by another selection method which restricts the use of certain functions of the machinery to certain categories of operator.		N/A



	Directive 2006/42/EC Annex I		
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	If, for certain operations, the machinery must be able to operate with a guard displaced or removed and/or a protective device disabled, the control or operating mode selector must simultaneously:		N/A
	— disable all other control or operating modes,		
	 permit operation of hazardous functions only by control devices requiring sustained action, 		
	 permit the operation of hazardous functions only in reduced risk conditions while preventing hazards from linked sequences, 		
	 prevent any operation of hazardous functions by voluntary or involuntary action on the machine's sensors. 		
	If these four conditions cannot be fulfilled simultaneously, the control or operating mode selector must activate other protective measures designed and constructed to ensure a safe intervention zone.		N/A
	In addition, the operator must be able to control operation of the parts he is working on from the adjustment point.		N/A
1.2.6.	Failure of the power supply		_
	The interruption, the re-establishment after an interruption or the fluctuation in whatever manner of the power supply to the machinery must not lead to dangerous situations.	Not lead to dangerous situations.	Р
	Particular attention must be given to the following points:		_
	— the machinery must not start unexpectedly,	Need reset and restart machine	Р
	the parameters of the machinery must not change in an uncontrolled way when such change can lead to hazardous situations,	Will not	Р
	 the machinery must not be prevented from stopping if the command has already been given, 	Stop code input, machine can stop	Р
	no moving part of the machinery or piece held by the machinery must fall or be ejected,	No moving parts	Р



	Directive 2006/42/EC Annex I		
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	automatic or manual stopping of the moving parts, whatever they may be, must be unimpeded,	No such case	N/A
	 the protective devices must remain fully effective or give a stop command. 	Complied.	N/A
1.3.	PROTECTION AGAINST MECHANICAL HAZARDS	3	_
1.3.1.	Risk of loss of stability		_
	Machinery and its components and fittings must be stable enough to avoid overturning, falling or uncontrolled movements during transportation, assembly, dismantling and any other action involving the machinery.	Machinery itself offer sufficient stability.	P
	If the shape of the machinery itself or its intended installation does not offer sufficient stability, appropriate means of anchorage must be incorporated and indicated in the instructions.	Machinery itself offer sufficient stability.	N/A
1.3.2.	Risk of break-up during operation		
	The various parts of machinery and their linkages must be able to withstand the stresses to which they are subject when used.	Withstand the stresses.	Р
	The durability of the materials used must be adequate for the nature of the working environment foreseen by the manufacturer or his authorised representative, in particular as regards the phenomena of fatigue, ageing, corrosion and abrasion.	Adequate durability.	P
	The instructions must indicate the type and frequency of inspections and maintenance required for safety reasons. They must, where appropriate, indicate the parts subject to wear and the criteria for replacement.	No such case	P
	Where a risk of rupture or disintegration remains despite the measures taken, the parts concerned must be mounted, positioned and/or guarded in such a way that any fragments will be contained, preventing hazardous situations.	No such case	P
	Both rigid and flexible pipes carrying fluids, particularly those under high pressure, must be able to withstand the foreseen internal and external stresses and must be firmly attached and/or	No such case	N/A



	Directive 2006/42/EC Annex I			
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict	
	protected to ensure that no risk is posed by a rupture.			
	Where the material to be processed is fed to the tool automatically, the following conditions must be fulfilled to avoid risks to persons:		_	
	 when the workpiece comes into contact with the tool, the latter must have attained its normal working condition, 		N/A	
	 when the tool starts and/or stops (intentionally or accidentally), the feed movement and the tool movement must be coordinated. 		N/A	
1.3.3.	Risks due to falling or ejected objects			
	Precautions must be taken to prevent risks from falling or ejected objects.		Р	
1.3.4.	Risks due to surfaces, edges or angles			
	Insofar as their purpose allows, accessible parts of the machinery must have no sharp edges, no sharp angles and no rough surfaces likely to cause injury.	Complied	Р	
1.3.5.	Risks related to combined machinery		_	
	Where the machinery is intended to carry out several different operations with manual removal of the piece between each operation (combined machinery), it must be designed and constructed in such a way as to enable each element to be used separately without the other elements constituting a risk for exposed persons.	No such case	N/A	
	For this purpose, it must be possible to start and stop separately any elements that are not protected.	No such case	N/A	
1.3.6.	Risks related to variations in operating condition	s	_	
	Where the machinery performs operations under different conditions of use, it must be designed and constructed in such a way that selection and adjustment of these conditions can be carried out safely and reliably.	No such case	N/A	
1.3.7.	Risks related to moving parts			
	The moving parts of machinery must be designed and constructed in such a way as to prevent risks		Р	



	Directive 2006/42/EC Annex I			
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict	
	of contact which could lead to accidents or must, where risks persist, be fitted with guards or protective devices.			
	All necessary steps must be taken to prevent accidental blockage of moving parts involved in the work. In cases where, despite the precautions taken, a blockage is likely to occur, the necessary specific protective devices and tools must, when appropriate, be provided to enable the equipment to be safely unblocked.	No such case	N/A	
	The instructions and, where possible, a sign on the machinery shall identify these specific protective devices and how they are to be used.		N/A	
1.3.8.	Choice of protection against risks arising from m	oving parts	_	
	Guards or protective devices designed to protect against risks arising from moving parts must be selected on the basis of the type of risk. The following guidelines must be used to help to make the choice.	No such case	N/A	
1.3.8.1	Moving transmission parts	_		
	Guards designed to protect persons against the hazards generated by moving transmission parts must be:	No such case	_	
	 either fixed guards as referred to in section 1.4.2.1, or 		N/A	
	 interlocking movable guards as referred to in section 1.4.2.2. 		N/A	
	Interlocking movable guards should be used where frequent access is envisaged.		N/A	
1.3.8.2	Moving parts involved in the process		_	
	Guards or protective devices designed to protect persons against the hazards generated by moving parts involved in the process must be:	No such case	_	
	either fixed guards as referred to in section1.4.2.1, or		N/A	
	 interlocking movable guards as referred to in section 1.4.2.2, or 		N/A	



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Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict	
	 protective devices as referred to in section 1.4.3, or 		N/A	
	— a combination of the above.		N/A	
	However, when certain moving parts directly involved in the process cannot be made completely inaccessible during operation owing to operations requiring operator intervention, such parts must be fitted with:	No such case	_	
	fixed guards or interlocking movable guards preventing access to those sections of the parts that are not used in the work, and		N/A	
	 adjustable guards as referred to in section 1.4.2.3 restricting access to those sections of the moving parts where access is necessary. 		N/A	
1.3.9.	Risks of uncontrolled movements	_	_	
	When a part of the machinery has been stopped, any drift away from the stopping position, for whatever reason other than action on the control devices, must be prevented or must be such that it does not present a hazard.	No such case	N/A	
1.4.	REQUIRED CHARACTERISTICS OF GUARDS AN	ID PROTECTIVE DEVICES	_	
1.4.1.	General requirements		_	
	Guards and protective devices must:		_	



	Directive 2006/42/EC Anne		
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	— be of robust construction,		Р
	— be securely held in place,		
	— not give rise to any additional hazard,		
	 not be easy to by-pass or render non- operational, 		
	— be located at an adequate distance from the danger zone,		
	— cause minimum obstruction to the view of the production process, and		
	— enable essential work to be carried out on the installation and/or replacement of tools and for maintenance purposes by restricting access exclusively to the area where the work has to be done, if possible without the guard having to be removed or the protective device having to be disabled.		
	In addition, guards must, where possible, protect against the ejection or falling of materials or objects and against emissions generated by the machinery.	Complied.	Р
1.4.2.1.	Fixed guards		_
	Fixed guards must be fixed by systems that can be opened or removed only with tools.	Only with tools	Р
	Their fixing systems must remain attached to the guards or to the machinery when the guards are removed.		Р
	Where possible, guards must be incapable of remaining in place without their fixings.		Р
1.4.2.2.	Interlocking movable guards		_
	Interlocking movable guards must:	No interlocking guard.	
	as far as possible remain attached to the machinery when open,		N/A
	be designed and constructed in such a way that they can be adjusted only by means of an intentional action.		N/A
	Interlocking movable guards must be associated with an interlocking device that:		_



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Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	prevents the start of hazardous machinery functions until they are closed and		N/A
	 gives a stop command whenever they are no longer closed. 		N/A
	Where it is possible for an operator to reach the danger zone before the risk due to the hazardous machinery functions has ceased, movable guards must be associated with a guard locking device in addition to an interlocking device that:	No such case	_
	prevents the start of hazardous machinery functions until the guard is closed and locked, and		N/A
	 keeps the guard closed and locked until the risk of injury from the hazardous machinery functions has ceased. 		N/A
	Interlocking movable guards must be designed in such a way that the absence or failure of one of their components prevents starting or stops the hazardous machinery functions.		N/A
1.4.2.3.	Adjustable guards restricting access		_
	Adjustable guards restricting access to those areas of the moving parts strictly necessary for the work must be:	No such case	_
	adjustable manually or automatically, depending on the type of work involved, and		N/A
	— readily adjustable without the use of tools.		N/A
1.4.3.	Special requirements for protective devices		_
	Protective devices must be designed and incorporated into the control system in such a way that:	No such case	_
	moving parts cannot start up while they are within the operator's reach,		N/A
	persons cannot reach moving parts while the parts are moving, and		N/A
	the absence or failure of one of their components prevents starting or stops the moving parts.		N/A



	Directive 2006/42/EC Annex I			
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict	
	Protective devices must be adjustable only by means of an intentional action.		Р	
1.5.	RISKS DUE TO OTHER HAZARDS		_	
1.5.1.	Electricity supply	T	_	
	Where machinery has an electricity supply, it must be designed, constructed and equipped in such a way that all hazards of an electrical nature are or can be prevented.	Complied with EN 60335-1.	Р	
	The safety objectives set out in Directive 73/23/EEC shall apply to machinery. However, the obligations concerning conformity assessment and the placing on the market and/or putting into service of machinery with regard to electrical hazards are governed solely by this Directive.	Complied with EN 60335-1.	Р	
1.5.2.	Static electricity		_	
	Machinery must be designed and constructed to prevent or limit the build-up of potentially dangerous electrostatic charges and/or be fitted with a discharging system.		N/A	
1.5.3.	Energy supply other than electricity	T	_	
	Where machinery is powered by source of energy other than electricity, it must be so designed, constructed and equipped as to avoid all potential risks associated with such sources of energy.	No such case	N/A	
1.5.4.	Errors of fitting	T	_	
	Errors likely to be made when fitting or refitting certain parts which could be a source of risk must be made impossible by the design and construction of such parts or, failing this, by information given on the parts themselves and/or their housings. The same information must be given on moving parts and/or their housings where the direction of movement needs to be known in order to avoid a risk.	No such risk.	N/A	
	Where necessary, the instructions must give further information on these risks.		N/A	
	Where a faulty connection can be the source of risk, incorrect connections must be made impossible by design or, failing this, by information		N/A	



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Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	given on the elements to be connected and, where appropriate, on the means of connection.		
1.5.5.	Extreme temperatures	T	_
	Steps must be taken to eliminate any risk of injury arising from contact with or proximity to machinery parts or materials at high or very low temperatures.		N/A
	The necessary steps must also be taken to avoid or protect against the risk of hot or very cold material being ejected.	Thermal insulation cotton is used	Р
1.5.6.	Fire		_
	Machinery must be designed and constructed in such a way as to avoid any risk of fire or overheating posed by the machinery itself or by gases, liquids, dust, vapours or other substances produced or used by the machinery.	Complied.	Р
1.5.7.	Explosion		_
	Machinery must be designed and constructed in such a way as to avoid any risk of explosion posed by the machinery itself or by gases, liquids, dust, vapours or other substances produced or used by the machinery.	Complied.	Р
	Machinery must comply, as far as the risk of explosion due to its use in a potentially explosive atmosphere is concerned, with the provisions of the specific Community Directives.		N/A
1.5.8.	Noise		_
	Machinery must be designed and constructed in such a way that risks resulting from the emission of airborne noise are reduced to the lowest level, taking account of technical progress and the availability of means of reducing noise, in particular at source.	Complied.	Р
	The level of noise emission may be assessed with reference to comparative emission data for similar machinery.	Complied.	Р
1.5.9.	Vibrations		_
	Machinery must be designed and constructed in such a way that risks resulting from vibrations produced by the machinery are reduced to the	No such risk.	N/A



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Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	lowest level, taking account of technical progress		
	and the availability of means of reducing vibration,		
	in particular at source.		
	The level of vibration emission may be assessed		N/A
	with reference to comparative emission data for		
	similar machinery.		
1.5.10.	Radiation	T	_
	Undesirable radiation emissions from the	The evaluated sample does	N/A
	machinery must be eliminated or be reduced to	not have such risk	
	levels that do not have adverse effects on persons.		
	Any functional ionising radiation emissions must be	The evaluated sample does	N/A
	limited to the lowest level which is sufficient for the	not have such risk	
	proper functioning of the machinery during setting,		
	operation and cleaning. Where a risk exists, the		
	necessary protective measures must be taken.		
	Any functional non-ionising radiation emissions	The evaluated sample does	N/A
	during setting, operation and cleaning must be	not have such risk	
	limited to levels that do not have adverse effects on		
	persons.		
1.5.11.	External radiation	T	_
	Machinery must be designed and constructed in		Р
	such a way that external radiation does not		
	interfere with its operation.		
1.5.12.	Laser radiation	1	_
	Where laser equipment is used, the following	The evaluated sample does	N/A
	should be taken into account:	not have laser equipment	
	laser equipment on machinery must be designed		N/A
	and constructed in such a way as to prevent any		'''
	accidental radiation,		
	laser equipment on machinery must be		N/A
	protected in such a way that effective radiation,		
	radiation produced by reflection or diffusion and		
	secondary radiation do not damage health,		
	— optical equipment for the observation or		N/A
	adjustment of laser equipment on machinery must		
	be such that no health risk is created by laser		
	radiation.		
1.5.13.	Emissions of hazardous materials and substance	es	_



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Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict	
	Machinery must be designed and constructed in such a way that risks of inhalation, ingestion, contact with the skin, eyes and mucous membranes and penetration through the skin of hazardous materials and substances which it produces can be avoided.	No such hazardous material and substance	Р	
	Where a hazard cannot be eliminated, the machinery must be so equipped that hazardous materials and substances can be contained, evacuated, precipitated by water spraying, filtered or treated by another equally effective method.	No such risk.	N/A	
	Where the process is not totally enclosed during normal operation of the machinery, the devices for containment and/or evacuation must be situated in such a way as to have the maximum effect.	No such risk.	N/A	
1.5.14.	Risk of being trapped in a machine		_	
	Machinery must be designed, constructed or fitted with a means of preventing a person from being enclosed within it or, if that is impossible, with a means of summoning help.	No such risk	N/A	
1.5.15.	Risk of slipping, tripping or falling			
	Parts of the machinery where persons are liable to move about or stand must be designed and constructed in such a way as to prevent persons slipping, tripping or falling on or off these parts.	No such risk	N/A	
	Where appropriate, these parts must be fitted with handholds that are fixed relative to the user and that enable them to maintain their stability.	No such risk	N/A	
1.5.16.	Lightning		—	
	Machinery in need of protection against the effects of lightning while being used must be fitted with a system for conducting the resultant electrical charge to earth.	No such case	N/A	
1.6.	MAINTENANCE		_	
1.6.1.	Machinery maintenance		_	
	Adjustment and maintenance points must be located outside danger zones. It must be possible to carry out adjustment, maintenance, repair,	Outside danger zones.	Р	



	Directive 2006/42/EC Annex I			
Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict	
	cleaning and servicing operations while machinery is at a standstill.			
	If one or more of the above conditions cannot be satisfied for technical reasons, measures must be taken to ensure that these operations can be carried out safely (see section 1.2.5).		N/A	
	In the case of automated machinery and, where necessary, other machinery, a connecting device for mounting diagnostic fault-finding equipment must be provided.		N/A	
	Automated machinery components which have to be changed frequently must be capable of being removed and replaced easily and safely. Access to the components must enable these tasks to be carried out with the necessary technical means in accordance with a specified operating method.	No such case	N/A	
1.6.2.	Access to operating positions and servicing poir	nts	_	
	Machinery must be designed and constructed in such a way as to allow access in safety to all areas where intervention is necessary during operation, adjustment and maintenance of the machinery.	Complied	Р	
1.6.3.	Isolation of energy sources			
	Machinery must be fitted with means to isolate it from all energy sources. Such isolators must be clearly identified. They must be capable of being locked if reconnection could endanger persons. Isolators must also be capable of being locked where an operator is unable, from any of the points to which he has access, to check that the energy is still cut off.	Complied	P	
	In the case of machinery capable of being plugged into an electricity supply, removal of the plug is sufficient, provided that the operator can check from any of the points to which he has access that the plug remains removed.	Remove plug	P	
	After the energy is cut off, it must be possible to dissipate normally any energy remaining or stored in the circuits of the machinery without risk to persons.	Complied	P	



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Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	As an exception to the requirement laid down in the previous paragraphs, certain circuits may remain connected to their energy sources in order, for example, to hold parts, to protect information, to light interiors, etc. In this case, special steps must be taken to ensure operator safety.	No such circuit	N/A
1.6.4.	Operator intervention		_
	Machinery must be so designed, constructed and equipped that the need for operator intervention is limited.	Complied with these principles.	Р
	If operator intervention cannot be avoided, it must be possible to carry it out easily and safely.		
1.6.5.	Cleaning of internal parts	T	_
	The machinery must be designed and constructed in such a way that it is possible to clean internal parts which have contained dangerous substances or preparations without entering them; any necessary unblocking must also be possible from the outside. If it is impossible to avoid entering the machinery, it must be designed and constructed in such a way as to allow cleaning to take place safely.	Complied with these principles.	P
1.7.	INFORMATION		_
1.7.1.	Information and warnings on the machinery		_
	Information and warnings on the machinery should preferably be provided in the form of readily understandable symbols or pictograms. Any written or verbal information and warnings must be expressed in an official Community language or languages, which may be determined in accordance with the Treaty by the Member State in which the machinery is placed on the market and/or put into service and may be accompanied, on request, by versions in any other official Community language or languages understood by the operators.	Complied	P
1.7.1.1.	Information and information devices		_
	The information needed to control machinery must be provided in a form that is unambiguous and	Warning notice and control panel are provided and comply with these principles.	Р



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Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict
	easily understood. It must not be excessive to the extent of overloading the operator.		
	Visual display units or any other interactive means of communication between the operator and the machine must be easily understood and easy to use.		Р
1.7.1.2.	Warning devices		_
	Where the health and safety of persons may be endangered by a fault in the operation of unsupervised machinery, the machinery must be equipped in such a way as to give an appropriate acoustic or light signal as a warning.		N/A
	Where machinery is equipped with warning devices these must be unambiguous and easily perceived. The operator must have facilities to check the operation of such warning devices at all times.		N/A
	The requirements of the specific Community Directives concerning colours and safety signals must be complied with.		N/A
1.7.2.	Warning of residual risks		
	Where risks remain despite the inherent safe design measures, safeguarding and complementary protective measures adopted, the necessary warnings, including warning devices, must be provided.	Warning notices are provided.	P
1.7.3.	Marking of machinery		_
	All machinery must be marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with the following minimum particulars:		_
	the business name and full address of the manufacturer and, where applicable, his authorised representative,	See marking label.	Р
	— designation of the machinery,	See marking label.	Р
	— the CE Marking (see Annex III),	See marking label.	Р
	— designation of series or type,	See marking label.	Р
	— serial number, if any,	See marking label.	Р
	— the year of construction, that is the year in which the manufacturing process is completed,	See marking label.	Р



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Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict		
	It is prohibited to pre-date or post-date the machinery when affixing the CE marking.		Р		
	Furthermore, machinery designed and constructed for use in a potentially explosive atmosphere must be marked accordingly.	Not use in such environment.	N/A		
	Machinery must also bear full information relevant to its type and essential for safe use. Such information is subject to the requirements set out in section 1.7.1.	Complied	Р		
	Where a machine part must be handled during use with lifting equipment, its mass must be indicated legibly, indelibly and unambiguously.	Not use in such	N/A		
1.7.4.	Instructions		_		
	All machinery must be accompanied by instructions in the official Community language or languages of the Member State in which it is placed on the market and/or put into service.	Instruction manual is provided with English.	Р		
	The instructions accompanying the machinery must be either 'Original instructions' or a 'Translation of the original instructions', in which case the translation must be accompanied by the original instructions.	Original Instruction	Р		
	By way of exception, the maintenance instructions intended for use by specialised personnel mandated by the manufacturer or his authorised representative may be supplied in only one Community language which the specialised personnel understand.	No such case.	N/A		
	The instructions must be drafted in accordance with the principles set out below.		Р		
1.7.4.1.	General principles for the drafting of instructions		_		
	(a) The instructions must be drafted in one or more official Community languages. The words 'Original instructions' must appear on the language version(s) verified by the manufacturer or his authorised representative.	Original Instruction	Р		
	(b) Where no 'Original instructions' exist in the official language(s) of the country where the	No such case.	N/A		



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Clause	Requirement machinery is to be used, a translation into that/those language(s) must be provided by the manufacturer or his authorised representative or by the person bringing the machinery into the language area in question. The translations must bear the words 'Translation of the original instructions'.	Remark	Verdict	
	(c) The contents of the instructions must cover not only the intended use of the machinery but also take into account any reasonably foreseeable misuse thereof.		Р	
	(d) In the case of machinery intended for use by non-professional operators, the wording and layout of the instructions for use must take into account the level of general education and acumen that can reasonably be expected from such operators.		P	
1.7.4.2.	Contents of the instructions		_	
	Each instruction manual must contain, where applicable, at least the following information:		_	
	(a) the business name and full address of the manufacturer and of his authorised representative;		Р	
	(b) the designation of the machinery as marked on the machinery itself, except for the serial number (see section 1.7.3);		Р	
	(c) the EC declaration of conformity, or a document setting out the contents of the EC declaration of conformity, showing the particulars of the machinery, not necessarily including the serial number and the signature;		Р	
	(d) a general description of the machinery;		Р	
	(e) the drawings, diagrams, descriptions and explanations necessary for the use, maintenance and repair of the machinery and for checking its correct functioning;		Р	
	(f) a description of the workstation(s) likely to be occupied by operators;		N/A	
	(g) a description of the intended use of the machinery;		Р	



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Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict	
	(h) warnings concerning ways in which the machinery must not be used that experience has shown might occur;		P	
	(i) assembly, installation and connection instructions, including drawings, diagrams and the means of attachment and the designation of the chassis or installation on which the machinery is to be mounted;		P	
	(j) instructions relating to installation and assembly for reducing noise or vibration;		N/A	
	(k) instructions for the putting into service and use of the machinery and, if necessary, instructions for the training of operators;		N/A	
	(I) information about the residual risks that remain despite the inherent safe design measures, safeguarding and complementary protective measures adopted;		N/A	
	(m) instructions on the protective measures to be taken by the user, including, where appropriate, the personal protective equipment to be provided;		N/A	
	(n) the essential characteristics of tools which may be fitted to the machinery;		N/A	
	(o) the conditions in which the machinery meets the requirement of stability during use, transportation, assembly, dismantling when out of service, testing or foreseeable breakdowns;		P	
	(p) instructions with a view to ensuring that transport, handling and storage operations can be made safely, giving the mass of the machinery and of its various parts where these are regularly to be transported separately;		P	
	(q) the operating method to be followed in the event of accident or breakdown; if a blockage is likely to occur, the operating method to be followed so as to enable the equipment to be safely unblocked;		N/A	
	(r) the description of the adjustment and maintenance operations that should be carried out by the user and the preventive maintenance measures that should be observed;		P	



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Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdict	
	(s) instructions designed to enable adjustment and maintenance to be carried out safely, including the protective measures that should be taken during these operations;		Р	
	(t) the specifications of the spare parts to be used, when these affect the health and safety of operators;		N/A	
	(u) the following information on airborne noise emissions:		_	
	 the A-weighted emission sound pressure level at workstations, where this exceeds 70 dB(A); where this level does not exceed 70 dB(A), this fact must be indicated, 	Less than 80dB based on manufacture declaration	Р	
	 the peak C-weighted instantaneous sound pressure value at workstations, where this exceeds 63 Pa(130 dB in relation to 20 μPa), 		N/A	
	 the A-weighted sound power level emitted by the machinery, where the A-weighted emission sound pressure level at workstations exceeds 80 dB(A). 		N/A	
	These values must be either those actually measured for the machinery in question or those established on the basis of measurements taken for technically comparable machinery which is representative of the machinery to be produced.		Р	
	In the case of very large machinery, instead of the A-weighted sound power level, the A-weighted emission sound pressure levels at specified positions around the machinery may be indicated.		N/A	
	Where the harmonised standards are not applied, sound levels must be measured using the most appropriate method for the machinery. Whenever sound emission values are indicated the uncertainties surrounding these values must be specified. The operating conditions of the machinery during measurement and the measuring methods used must be described.	No such case.	N/A	
	Where the workstation(s) are undefined or cannot be defined, A-weighted sound pressure levels must be measured at a distance of 1 metre from the surface of the machinery and at a height of 1,6	No such case.	N/A	



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Clause	Requirement	Remark	Verdic
	metres from the floor or access platform. The position and value of the maximum sound pressure must be indicated.		
	Where specific Community Directives lay down other requirements for the measurement of sound pressure levels or sound power levels, those Directives must be applied and the corresponding provisions of this section shall not apply;	No such case.	N/A
	(v) where machinery is likely to emit non-ionising radiation which may cause harm to persons, in particular persons with active or non-active implantable medical devices, information concerning the radiation emitted for the operator and exposed persons.	No such case.	N/A
1.7.4.3	Sales Literature		_
	Sales literature describing the machinery must not contradict the instructions as regards health and safety aspects. Sales literature describing the performance characteristics of machinery must contain the same information on emissions as is contained in the instructions.		Р
2.	SUPPLEMENTARY ESSENTIAL HEALTH AND SA CERTAIN CATEGORIES OF MACHINERY	FETY REQUIREMENTS FOR	N/A
2.1	FOODSTUFFS MACHINERY AND MACHINERY FOR COSMETICS OR PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS		N/A
2.1.1	General		N/A
2.2.	PORTABLE HAND-HELD AND/OR HAND-GUIDED	MACHINERY	N/A
2.3	MACHINERY FOR WORKING WOOD AND MATERIAL WITH SIMILAR PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS		N/A
3.	SUPPLEMENTARY ESSENTIAL HEALTH AND SA OFFSET HAZARDS DUE TO THE MOBILITY OF N		N/A
4.	SUPPLEMENTARY ESSENTIAL HEALTH AND SA		N/A



5.	SUPPLEMENTARY ESSENTIAL HEALTH AND SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR MACHINERY INTENDED FOR UNDERGROUND WORK	N/A
6.	SUPPLEMENTARY ESSENTIAL HEALTH AND SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR MACHINERY PRESENTING PARTICULAR HAZARDS DUE TO THE LIFTING OF PERSONS	N/A

-- End of Test Report --